DEALING WITH CHILD ABUSE

Dealing with child abuse

Children cannot stop child abuse. Adults can.

We all have a responsibility to care for and protect the children within our communities who participate in tennis activities.

Reporting a child protection concern

Child Protection Concerns include:

- Disclosures of actual harm, abuse or exploitation of a child;
- The potential risk of harm, abuse or exploitation of a child;
- Breaches of the protection policies or Code of Conduct by staff or volunteers.

You do not have to prove that abuse or a breach of the code of conduct is happening and it is not your job to investigate.

However, if you are concerned a child is being abused or neglected, or is at risk of that occurring, you **must** contact the relevant authorities in your state.

You are also bound by the Tennis Australia Member Protection Policy to inform your Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) of your concerns.

Handling disclosures of abuse

Children must often overcome many hurdles in order to disclose their abuse. As a result many children never disclose to anyone about the abuse they are experiencing.

The reactions of adults make a major difference to the short and long term effects of abuse on children.

Do

- · Believe the child
- Be calm, supportive and reassuring
- Reassure the child that the abuse is not their fault
- Concentrate on the child's feelings rather than on questions and answers
- Explain what you are going to do now that you have been told.

Don't

- Make promises that you cannot keep
- Promise secrecy
- Push the child to give details of the abuse.



